TGM VIDYANIKETAN secondary School CBSE Aff. No 931081
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Souvenir 2015

## Thiruvathukkal Geevarghese Kathanar



Our Patron

## 

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## Gditor's Gormere

Everything flows and nothing stays...... You can't step twice into the same river. Let the great world spin for ever down the ringing grooves of change.

I sometimes feel the world is changing almost too fast for its people if we do not find anything pleasant, or least find something new.

If there is anything that we wish to change in the child, we should first examine it and see that it is something that could better be changed in ourselves.

TGM is always there with the changes and with the art of dealing with children as knowing what not to say.

In the fulfillment of the magazine ['Inspire'- 2015], we are confident in the excellency of work to nourish the creativity and ideas of TGM students.

Variety's the very spice of life, that gives it all its flavour we believe that you will have variety, spicy and flavoursome moments with this magazine Inspire 2015.



TGM - Management $B$ Teachers

Teaching staff


Non teaching staff


## 





Onglish fection

## COMMON ERROS IN ENGLISH

1. We have received the informations (incorrect) We have received the information (Correct)
2. The machineries are costly (incorrect) The machineries is costly (correct)
3. $\mathrm{He} /$ she is my cousin brother/sister (incorrect) $\mathrm{He} /$ she is my cousin (correct)
4. He is an university player (incorrect) He is a university player (correct)
5. Let us discuss about this matter (incorrect) Let us discuss this matter (correct)
6. We wish our Principal daily (incorrect) We greet our Principal daily (correct)
7. I tell you one thing (incorrect) I tell you something (correct)
8. I asked a question to him (incorrect)

I asked him a question (correct)
9. Nobody will help you but I (incorrect) Nobody will help you but me (correct)
10. He is the smartest of the two boys (incorrect) He is the smarter of the two boys (correct)
11. It was heavily raining (incorrect)

It was raining heavily (correct)
12. I like him mostly (incorrect) I like him most (correct)
13. He may claim for a share (incorrect) He may claim a share (correct)
14. What are you looking? (incorrect) What are you looking at? (correct)
15. Close the tap (incorrect) turn off the tap (correct)
16. Put your sign here (incorrect) Put your signature here (correct)
17. It is raining yet (incorrect) It is raining still (correct)
18. He did suicide (incorrect) He committed suicide (correct)
19. He entered into the room (incorrect) He entered the room (correct)
20. We sat on the door (incorrect) We sat at the door (correct)

Sandra M. P.

## THANKFUL CANDHE

Hello Hello I am a little candle
I burn and give light for you
I am made of wax only
I have a little thread top of my body
I am available in the shops
My favourite food is fire
My favourite spot is table
the air come to me I dead soon on

I am a good thing
I burn and give light for all
I burn and die myself

## Gopikrishna Ramesh

## MY NEW PET

I got a new pet
It is a parrot
Its feather is nice and green
Its hooked beak
It is always ready to speak
Chillies it loves to chew
It utters many words
Behaves as the best of birds

Anna George
UKG - A


## BEAUTIFUL FOREST

Children of the fragile forest gather around Where bir' song seems to be the loudest sound A place called summer, green as you could please A place where we all proudly hug the trees.

Hug trees for the walnuts and sweet apples. For the shade above small country chapels. for giving squirrel and won a place to live. For the priceless gift of oxygen they give.

Follow your feet across a woodland floor Beneath the tall and ancient sycamore Under redwood, under toll blue pine Come with me and form and endless line.

Aiswarya S.Das

Std. X

## MY LITTLE PET

I have a cute little pet It's name is kitty It loves to play with me And with my ball I love my kitty much And she loves me too

Devasree
Std. UKG


## GK

1. The first Chief Minister of Kerala?

Ans. E.M.S. Nampoothiripad
2. The first Governor of Kerala?

Ans. Dr. B. Ramakrishna Rao
3. The first Chief Justice, Kerala High Court?

Ans. M. S. Menon
4. The first I.G. of Police?

Ans. Chandrasekharan Nair
5. The first Speaker, Kerala Assembly?

Ans. R. Sankara Narayan Thampy
6. The first girl to be born in a test tube in India?
Ans. Baby Harsha
7. The first woman Chief Engineer in Kerala?

Ans. P. K. Thresiamma
8. The first woman Public Prosecutor in Kerala?
Ans. Mariakutty John
9. The first woman athlete to take parts in the Olympics finals?
Ans. P. T. Usha
10. The city which is known as city of David?

Ans. Bethlehem
11. The first Indian to Cross Palk straits?

Ans. Mihir Sen
12. The country which gives the Nobel Prize?

Ans. Sweden
13. The country which gives megasay Award?

Ans. Philippines
14. Which is the native place of Mother Teressa?
Ans. Yugoslavia
15. Which is the official Residence of the U.S. President?
Ans. "White House"
16. The first Governor of RBI

Ans. H. V. R. Iyengar
17. The first Home Minister of India?

Ans. Sardar Vallabhai Patel
18. The first Cosmonaut

Ans. Yuri Gagarin
19. The first Indian Cosmonaut

Ans. Rakhesh Sharma
20. The first Indian to get the Nobel Prize

Ans. Rabindranath Tagore
21. The first pope to visit India

Ans. Pope Paul VI
Jayakrishnan
Std. VIII

## TEST YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Find and circle all of extra curricular activities that are hidden in the grid.

| $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{Z}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ | $\mathbf{U}$ |
| $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ |
| $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{W}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ |
| $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{W}$ | $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathbf{V}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ | $\mathbf{V}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{J}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{X}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ |
| $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{W}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ |
| $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ |
| $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{Z}$ | $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ |
| $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{D}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{R}$ | $\mathbf{U}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ |
| $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{W}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ |
| $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{G}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{Y}$ | $\mathbf{F}$ | $\mathbf{N}$ |
| $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{L}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{E}$ | $\mathbf{K}$ | $\mathbf{S}$ | $\mathbf{A}$ | $\mathbf{B}$ | $\mathbf{I}$ | $\mathbf{C}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{V}$ | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{Q}$ | $\mathbf{O}$ | $\mathbf{M}$ |

ONINWIMS (8L)
TTIYG ( $\angle \mathrm{L}$ ) LNIY



Vidhya R.
Std. VIII

## ABOUT MATHGMRTICS

Mathematics is the study of topic such as quantity (numbers), structure, space and change. There is a range of views among mathematician and philosophers as to the exact scope and definition of mathematics.

Mathematician resolves the truth or falsity of conjuctures by mathematical proof. In mathematical structures are good models of real phenomena then mathematical reasoning can provide insight or predications about nature. Through the use of abstraction and logic mathematics developed from counting, calculations, measurement and the systematic study of shape and motions of physical objects practical mathematics has been human activity as for as written records exist.

Gallelio Galley said that "the universe cannot be read until we have learnt the language and become familiar with the character in which it is written. It is written in mathematical language and the letters are triangles, circles and other geometrical figures without which means it is humanly impossible to comprehend a single way. Without these one is wandering about in a dark labyrinth"

Carl Friedrich Gauss referred to mathematics as "the queen of the science".
Benjamin peirce called mathematics "the science that draws necessary conclusion".
Claire Voisin states "there is creating drive in mathematics, its all about movement trying to express itself.

Albert Einstein states that " as far as the loss of mathematics refer to reality, they are not certain; and as far as they are certain, they donot refer to reality".

Aristotle defines mathematics as the science of quantity.
Three leading types of definition of mathematics are called logicist, intuitionist and formalist each reflecting a differect philosophical school of thought. Archemedes is considered to tbe the father of mathematics who was basically an ancient greek mathematician as well as philosopher. He made number of discoveries in the fields physics and engineering. He also very well known as the greatest scientist in classical antiquity.

Ten famous mathematicians are: Archemedis, Thales, Phythagorus, Euclid, Aryabhata, Aristotle, David Hilbert, Albert Einstein, Srinivasa Ramanyan, Carl Friedrich Gauss.

Fathima Safna
Std. VII

$\underline{\text { Answer : }}$
6
Explantion
Look at the diagram in rows, the central circle equals half the sum of the numbers in the other circles to the left and right of the centre.


ENVIRONMENT

There is a green grass of nature That is the mat of our nature That is the feature of nature There are many things in nature Like a rainbow and a mountain What a beautiful is nature! So save the nature from hazards.

## SYNONYMS

| Abstain | - | refrain | Nocturnal | - | pertaining to night |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agile | - | lively | Nostalgic | - | homesick |
| Apathetic | - | indifferent | Ocular | - | pertaining to the eye |
| Ardent | - | enthusiastic | Ostentatious | - | Showy |
| Athiest | - | disbeliever in god | Palpitation | - | heart beat |
| Benevolence | - | Kindness | Pedagogue | - | teacher |
| Credible | - | believable | Pivotal | - | crucial factor |
| Effluent | - | Waste | Rectify | - | Correct |
| Endeavour | - | effort | Synopsis | - | Summary |
| Erroneous | - | mistaken | Ubiquitous | - | Present everywhere |
| Fortify | - | strengthen | Veteran | - | experienced |
| Judicious | - | Sensible |  |  |  |
| Lethal | - | fatal |  |  | Amal Shaji Std. VIII |



## Homonyms are words which are same in form and sound but different in meaning:

Bow - a weapon
Bow - bend the neek or body
Brake - apparatus for checking motion of a machine or vehicles
Break - separate into pieces under a blow
Capital
Capitol
Council

Counsel
Dying
Dyeing
Formarly
Formerly
Fair

Fare
Hail
Hale
Later
Latter

- principal, capital city
- building
- an assembly called together for deliberation
- advise
- immediately before death
- colouring
- according to rules
- occuring in the earlier period
- a kind of market, beautiful, having distinetcolour
- charge for transport
- Pellets of frozen rain
- Strong and healthy
- after the fixed time
- second of the two things or persons

Loan - money at interest
Lone - solitary
Loose - not tied up
Lose

- have something taken away

Maize

- Corn

Maze
Peace
Piece

- confusing network of pathway
- tranquility

Personal
Personnel

- a bit
- about a particular individual
- a body of persons employed in the same place
Quite
- completely

Quiet

- silent

Raise

- to lift up

Rays

- shafts or light

Stationary - in a fixed position
Stationery - writing materials
Vein - a blood vessel
Vain - useless
Write
Wright

Harikrishnan
Std. X

## SCHOOL IS FUN

Going to school is really fun, its here I get to play and run.

Its here I learn to read and write, to dance and sing and never fight

Sooraj M. P.
LKG


## AN ALPHABETIC ADVICE

A - Always be active
B - Believe in yourself
C - Control your tongue
D - Do good to all
E - Enjoy your life
F - Forgive and forget
G - Go for your dream
H - Help others
I - Identify true friends
J - Just stay cool
K - Know yourself
L - Live lively
M - Mind is the most colossal power in the world

O - Overcome your problems and sorrows
$\mathbf{P}$ - Prayer is soul's sincere desire
Q - Question yourself
R - Reach for the stars
S - Share your joys
T - Think always big
U - Unity alone triumph
V - Visualise success
W - Within you is the power to overcome all obstacles

X - X-ray your mind frequently
Y - You should control the development of your mind

Z - Zero to hero, try it
Nidha Nourin
Std. VIII

## LET'S LAUGH

1. Man : Whose skeleton is this?

Sardarji : An old King's
Man : Who's small skelton is next to it?
Sardarji : It is the skelton of the same king when he was 5 years old.
2. Ashwin : Dad, do you remember that you promised me to give ₹ 500 if I passed the exam?
Father : Yes, what is your result?
Ashwin : The good news is I've saved your money. My teacher has also said that we should not waste our dad's money.

Aman Vijay
Std. VIII

## A-Z OF FRIFNDSHIP

- A Friend
(A) accepts you as you are
(B)elieves in you
(C)ourages you
(D) oesn't trap you
(E)ncourages you
(F)orgives mistakes
(G)enial minded
(H)elps you
(I) ncredible person
(J)ust for you
(K)keeps you calm
(L)oves you
(M)ould you
(N)ever forgets you
(O)pens your mind
(P)rays for you
(Q) uick-minded
(R)esourceful
(S)acrifices for you
(T)rusts you
(U)nforgettable
(V) aluable
(W) arms you
(X) press
(Y)oung
(Z)ero hurting


## FUNNY QUESTIONS

1. What can you serve, but never eat?

## Ans: "A Tennis Ball"

2. Why is it very easy to weight a fish?

Ans: Because fish has its own scales.
3. Why did mayank Kapoor keep his trumpet in the fridge?
Ans: Because he like playing cool music
4. Why do people go to bed?

Ans: Because the bed won't come to them.
5. To whom do all men take off their hats?

## Ans: Barber

6. What has a face and two hands but no arms or legs?

Ans: A clock
7. What get swetter as it dries?

## Ans: A towel

8. What has a neck but no head?

## Ans: A bottle

9. Which letter of the alphabet has most water?

## Ans: The C

10. What has to be broken before you can use it?

## Ans: Egg

Anila Sivaraj
Std. VII



## NAMES OF MONTHS

The names of all months come from Latin words:-

January : this month was dedicated to Janus, the Roman god of doors; Janus had two faces one looking back at the old year and the other looking forward at the next year.
February : Februa was the Roman purification festival.
March : Martius from Mars, god of wars.
April : Aprills - from aperire, latin for open
May : maius - from maia
June : Junius - Roman family name
July : Julius - after Julius caesar
August : Augustus - Emperor Augustus
September : Septum-seven
October : from octo - eight
November : from novem - nine
December : from decem - ten

## DAYS OF THE WEEK

Monday : Moon's day
Tuesday : from Tiu's day
Wednesday : Woden's day
Thursday : Thor's day
Friday : Freyja's day
Saturday : Saturn's day
Sunday : Sun's day
In one day the world turns once in its axis. During that time an average: 364, 478 people are born 151, 650 people are died.

Nidhin Pradeep
Std. X

## THE CORNER OF JOKE5.

## States of Matter

- Teacher : Amazon river flows in which state?
- Mac : In liquid state


## Be silent

- A moron was going in an airplane to Boston, while it was about to land, he started shouting 'Boston, Boston'.
- Air Hostess said : 'Be silent'
- Moron : Ok, oston, oston


## Fat

- One man walks up to another and says, 'Dude you're fat'
- The other man answers, 'Oh, but you're ugly. I can lose weight, but you will always be ugly'.


## Glass Wall

- Why did a moron climbed over a wall made of glass?, asked a man to other.
- The other man answers, 'He wanted to see what was on the other side.


## Suspense

- How you keep people in suspense?
- I will tell you later


## Aha

- Once there were two brothers named trouble and shutup. Trouble got lost so shutup called the police.
- The Policeman asked, 'what is your name'?
- Shutup answered, 'Shutup'.
- The policeman was little taken aback he said, 'Excuse me'
- Shutup said, 'My name is shutup'.
- Now the policeman was really angry, He said, 'Are you looking for trouble'?
- Shutup was really impressed \& said, 'How did you know'


## Heat and fans

- Why was it hot after a soccer game?
- Because all the fans had left?


## Colour TV

- Amoron goes to an electronics shop and asks, 'Do you sell colour TVs?'
- Salesman, 'Yes sir'
- Moron, 'Ok, give me a red one'


## 5 things mothers would never say to you

- How can yo watch TV by sitting so far away from it
- Yes, I also used to skip school a lot, too.
- You don't want to wear a jacket, it is alright I don't think it's cold today.
- Just leave all the lights on, it makes the house look beautiful.
- Oh, I do not have a tissues with me, you can use your sleeve.


## Our Brain

- Mac : Our brain is really strange.
- Jimmy : Why?
- Mac : It starts working the moment you wake up and never stops until teacher asks a question in the class.
- Teacher : How will you distribute 6 mangoes among 8 peoples?
- Mac : By making mango shake.


## Obama Birth date

- Teacher : When was Obama born?
- Mac : On is birthday


## Height of Literacy

- In a literate country, a beggar was crying.
- A woman asked him : what is the matter
- The beggar replied : Matter is anything which has mass and occupies space.


## If women rule the world

- Imagine if women ruled the world, there would not be a war, just a bunch of countries not talking to each other.


## Date of Birth

- Teacher : What is your date of birth?
- Mac : October 13th
- Teacher : Which year?
- Mac : Ma'm, it is every year!


## 100 letters word

- Teacher : Can you spell a word which has more than 100 letters in it
- Mac : P-O-S-T-B-O-X


## Orange and Apple

- Teacher : What is difference between orange and apple.
- Mac : Ma'm, orange is but apple colour is not apple.


## Anjuma Shibu

Std. X

## IQ TESTING QUESTIONS

1. Where can happiness always be found?

Ans: In the dictionary
2. What is the first thing that the gardener sets in his garden?

## Ans: His foot.

3. How many sides have a circle?

Ans: 2 sides. Inside and outside.
4. One day when I am sleeping in my house one of my neighbour knocked on the door, my uncle knocked on the window and a thief knocked on the other window. Which will I open first?
Ans: My eyes.
5. 6 is very afraid of 7 . Why?

Ans: Because 789
Jayalakshmi P. J.
Std. IX

## THE 7SEBRETS OFLIFETHATWE CAN BET IN IUR LIVING RIIM

The roof says
The fan says
The clock says
The mirror says
The window says
The calendar says
The door says

Aim high
Be cool
Every minute is precious
Reflect before you act.
See the world
Be up to date
Push hard to achieve our goals.


## 

'About Science' is a british charity that promotes the public understanding of science. Sense about science was conceived in 2002 by lord Taverna, bridget ogilive and other to promote respect of scientific evidence and good science. Sense a out science was established as a charitable trust in 2003 with 14 trustees, an advisory council and a small office established. As of 2009, the managing director of Tracey Brown. Sense about science aim to work with scientist, journalist and other to ensure that scientist evidence is at forefront of public discussions about science, and to correct unscientific misinformation. They courage and assist scientist to engage in public debates about their area of expertise, to respond scientifically in accurate claims in the media, to help people contact scientist with us expertise, and to prepare briefings about the scientific background is issues of public concern.

## WIS GRE टYRES BLAEK In COLOUR?

The black tyres have in fact something to do with its performance.

As we know tyres are made up of natural or synthetic rubber. Obviously, rubber is used for making because of its ability to resist the wear and abrasion on the road. It is a strong substance having good elasticity.

The performance of rubber in tyres is increased by adding sulphur and carbon in powder form. The carbon powder, also known as carbon black, is best suited for this purpose, because it works as a reinforcing filler in rubber, which increases the durability and strength of the rubber. It is able to transfer heat generated

by abrasion with the road to the atmosphere. In modern tyres, as much as 25 percent of their weight comes from carbon black. This gives the tyre black colour.

## Biggest Tyres

The largest road vehicle tyres are 3.82 m ( 12.5 ft ) indiameter. They are made by the Bridgestone Corporation, Tokyo, Japan for giant dumper trucks. Normal car tyres are 60 cm (23.6) in diameter.

## Driving on left

People in most countries drive on the right. But in more than 70 countries and territories they drive on left. These include the UK, Japan, Australia, South Africa, Thailand, Ireland, Malaysia, Indonesia, New Zealand, Pakistan and India. The tradition of keeping to the left dates back to the time when most road users were on horseback. One explanation is that as most people are right handed, riding in the left allow them to use a sword to defend themselves against approaching riders.

Athul Baby

Std. IX
TGM VIDYANIKETAN


## HUMAN BODYFACTS

- The average human body has about 100 million nerve cells.
- Nerve impulses from and to the brain are as fast as $274 \mathrm{~km} /$ hour.


## FAMOUS INTERNATIONAL FATHERS

- Father of Geography
- Father of Modern Chemistry
- Father of Ayurveda
- Father of Maths
- Father of Geometry
- Father of Logic
- Grand father of computer
- Fahter of Indian Cinema
- Father of Phsycology
- Father of History
- Father of Economics
- Father of Socialism
- Father of Surgery
- Eratosthenes

Lavoisier
Atreya

- Thales
- Euclid
- Aristotle
- Charles Babbage
- Dada Saheb Phalke
- Simund Freud
- Hetrodus
- Adam Smith
- Robert Owen
- Susruta


## Precious Hands

She was the first to hold me She was the first to dry my tears She was the first to love She was the precious hand She was my mother

## Aiswarya S. Das

Std. X

- The thyroid cartilage is also known as Adam's Apple.
- It's impossible to sneeze with our eyes open.
- It takes the interaction of 72 different muscles to speak.
- Human thigh bones are stronger than concrete.
- When you sneeze, all your body functions stop even your heart.
- Women blink eyes twice as much men.
- After we die also our hair and nails continue to grow.
- Hair is made from the same substance as finger nails.
- The human body comprises $80 \%$ water.
- There are 72 km of nerves in the skin of human being.

Naveen K. Ajith
Std. IX

## 

## Nephew

Son of your sister or brother.

## Niece

Daughter of your sister or brother.

## Cousin

Child of your aunt or uncle.

## Second Cousins

Child of your cousin. They and you have the same great grandparents.

## Removed

A child of your first cousin is also called Removed.

## Step

Step mother, step Father etc is a person related to you only be remarriage of someone in your family.

Arathy Shaji

Std. VI

## QUESTIONS \& JOKES

1. The letter which we drink?

Ans: T
2. The gate which we can't enter?

Ans: Colgate
3. The table which can be eaten

Ans: Vegetable
4. The country which have mark?

Ans: Den mark
5. Imagine you are in a sinking boat surrounded by shakes. What will you do?

## Ans: Stop Imagining.

6. If you multiply all the numbers of telephone. What is the answer?
Ans: $\mathbf{O}$ (as telephone has O also in it)
Muhammad Yasin
Std. V

## facebook <br> Email or Phone <br> $\square$ <br> Log In

## Sign Up

## FACE BロロK

Facebook is one of the trending social media website. The founder of facebook is Mark Zukerberg. The advantages and disadvantages of facebook are like the two faces of a coin. Everything in this universe has its own positive and negative side.

We would have so many advantages if we used this in a proper and careful manner. If we misuse it, it will act as a devil and it will also lead us to danger. If we are looking the positive sides, we can see that, through this media we can maintain the friendship with our old friends who are far away from us rather than calling them. If we are taking the case of social issues, facebook plays a major role in it. Everyone can express their thoughts, opinions, protests and other suggestions regarding any matter through this media. Malala Youzafsai is also a great example before us. First, she protested through this media. So there are many positive sides for facebook.

If we are looking the negative side, we can see that, most of our teenagers are getting cheated through this, especially girls. This is only because of their overuse or misuse of facebook. If you are spending more time on facebook it will definitely affect your physical and mental health. Now a days, most of the teenagers are getting addicted to facebook. This facebook is changed as an addict to teenagers.

Our next generation has some duties towards the society. Their life is need not to be addicted under any social media. We have to make them aware and understand about the positive side or advantages of facebook and make them use it in a proper and useful manner other than getting spoiled by it. In my opinion, facebook is a trending social media having so many uses but if we misuse it, it will be a bane of our life.

Bhagyasree B.
Std. IX
TGM VIDYANIKETAN

## HOW TO IMPROVE OUR HANDWRITING.

## * Write a paragraph

Choose a topic, anything really and write at least five sentences about it. The arm is to get an idea of what your handwriting looks like an average.

## * Identify the primary shapes

Observe the things like is your handwriting full of loops and curves? Is it primary straight lines and stiff in appearance? Do you have hard corners or does your letter blend together?

## * Look for a slant

The angle at which you write your letters can make or break your hand writing. Is your handwriting perpendicular to the lines under it? Does it fall to the left or to the right significantly? A slight slant is typically not a problem, but too much of one can make reading difficult.

## * Check the alignments

Do your words tend to be written on upwards or downwards angle? Do they overlap with the lines on page? Is every word individually angled, or does your entire lines of text head in a similar direction away from the line?

## * Look at the spacing

The distance between your words and letters helps to determine the quality of your
handwriting. There should be enough space between each words. Using more or less space than this can be an indicator of poor handwriting. Pay attention also to the closeness writing or letters that are spaced far apart are also difficult to read.

## * Pay attention to the size

Turns out size does matter at least with handwriting. Does your wirting fill up the entire space between two lines? Taking up a large amount of space or using too little are both things to avoid.

## * Analse your line quality

Look at the actual lines that compraise your writing. Are they drawn with heavy pressure, or are they faint and hard to read? Are your lines straight, or are they kind of squlggly and uneven?

## * Determine your flaws

Consider all of the aforementioned. What is it that your handwriting needs in order to improve possible changes can be made to the shape, alignment, writing, size, line quality, and the slant of words. Changing one or more of these will improve your overall handwriting legibility.

Harikrishnan
Std. X

## INDIAN NOBEL LAURATES (Most famous)

cebook $8^{1} 5$

In this generation of social networking sites. Facebook has become a part of our lives. Like everything facebook to has its good and bad. Facebook has many advantages. It connects people around the world. It helps us to share our ideas and thoughts with the world. People with same ideas could form groups. Facebook gives us many security options. We can decide who can be friends with us who can see our posts etc.

Even with these benefits facebook has its bad side too. Fake account are a major problem. People get tricked by fake accounts. But like everything good and bad depends only on the user.

## Athullya K.T. <br> Std. IX

Highest Tower - Quitab Minar
Largest Mosque - Jama Masjid
Largest Zoo - Zoological Gardens (Kolkata)
Largest Desert - Thar desert
Largest State - Madhya Pradesh
Longest River - Ganga
Highest Mt peak - K-2
Best Monument - Thaj Mahal
First President - Dr. Rajendra Prasad

Vijay Prasad
Std. X

## MY FIRST DAY AT MY SCHOOL

The thought about the first day at my school brings joy to me. I remembered the day at my school very clearly. My mother brought me to school and I was crying. When I reached everyone was already there. The first teacher I saw in the school was my dear Sandhya Miss. She picked me up when she saw me but I didn't let go of my mother's hand but she took me away. She brought me to my classroom. My classteacher Diana Miss was already there. Sandhya Miss asked me to sit in the front bench where I met my first friend in my school. Her name is Archana. She became my best friend. I'm happy to talk about the first day of my school.

Anjana Shaji
Std. IX

## facebook

Facebook is becoming a part of human beings.
Now a days all the people are using Facebooks.

Facebook has both good and bad effects.
The people use the facebook to chat with others, it connects people around the world. With the help of facebook we can keep our friendship alive. We can share our ideas with our friends through facebook. Though there are many benefits.

There are bad sides to facebook too. The main disadvantage 15 people creating fake accounts. Many people get tricked by fake accounts. Mostly school students are tricked by fake accounts. Now a days we can see many issues relating to this. Even though facebook provides many security measures people still get tricked.

## STUDENTS AND SICIAL SERVIIE

Students have very important role to play in society. They are the citizens of tomorrow. The future is in their hands. Their main duty is to study. But along with their studies they can do many useful things for the society. They can help the people around them in several ways. They can make new roles or repair old ones. They can teach the villagers about how to be neat and clean and also about the importance of education. They can also teach them how to prevent diseases. Students can help poor people to build houses or to repair their old house. They can show the villagers how to make use of modern methods of agriculture. Thus, these are some useful things that the students community can do for the society. They are hopeful for the future generation.

Bhagyasree B.
Jayalekshmi P. J. Std - IX
Std. IX


## IMPORTANCE OF BOOKS

Books are valubale source of knowledge that consists of infinite benefits. Learning is a significant process in human being. The important element that help people to learn is books. Reading books has many benefits both mentally and morally. Firstly, our mind will be active and reading can help us to forget the problems in our life. Reading is fun and a great way to leave the stresses of our life. Books transport us into different world and cultures, as well as it informs us about ancient civilization and lore it helps us to learn about new technologies and literature. It allows speaking languages fluently and to communicate spontaneously. The book can be faithful friend and the nearest into us which can guide us to how to behave in our practical life. Books are our best companions. The importance of reading book is gaining new insight. Reading gives us new insight.

## IMPORTANCE OF MOTHER TONGUE

Mother tongue is the first language use acquire naturally which is more important than anything else. Language development is a natural process. It is a creation of man's social needs. A child after its birth hears the language of his parents. Infants usually imitate whatever they see or hear. Thus his tongue slides early according to the slang he tried to make. Thus, he will naturally speak mother tongue. But a second language is to be taught and it will be difficult for the child.

We can say that English is an international language used in many countries. But it is used in different accent and style in different countries its because the slang of ones mother tongue mixes with English. Thus, is the influence of one's mother tongue.

Nidha Nourin

Std. VIII

## BEAUTY OF NATURE

On 9th December 2014, a nature study camp was organised by our school at Kumarakom. The aim of the camp was to make the students understand the pulse of nature. The camp aimed at creating an awareness in the minds of students about nature. The camp was conducted at Kumarakom by the Periyar Tiger Reserve (West Division). It is a part of Kerala Forest and Wildlife department.

We the group of 59 members reached there at 9.15 a.m. After having the tea, we went to the seminar hall for the class. The class started at 10.00 a.m. after the inaguration ceremony. The camp was officialy inagurated by the Vice Principal of TGM Shelly M. Joseph. The class was taken by Tom Augustine.

He started the class, with a discussion of Vembanad Wetland system. The Bio diversity in this region is so wonderful. It is one of the Ramsar sites of Kerala and one of the richest rice bowls in Kerala. We had discussed about the different species of plants, fishes, birds, animals found in Vembanad. Then we also discussed about the pollution taken place at Vembanad. He also explained about the different species of Birds. There are about 132 species of birds in India and in Kerala about 500 species. He told about the different species of migratory birds and
other birds found in Vembanad Wetlands. Since Kumarakom is known for its bird sanctuary, we started the discussion about it. We cleared our doubts about nature. The class was so interesting, and we were able to acquire a lot of information. The class was winded up at 12.30 p.m.

After having the lunch, we saw a documentary about the Kumarakom bird sanctuary. It was so nice and it explained about the sanctuary and it's specialities. When we went inside the sanctuary, it was a wonderful moment. We were able to understand the real beauty of nature. The trees, plants different kinds of butterflies in the garden, the sound of birds, the flow of lake, all made the sanctuary a paradise. From 2 p.m. to 3.20 p.m., we spent our time in the sanctuary. At 3.30 p.m. after having the tea we finished our nature study camp. The camp was so nice and it gave us a tremendous experience. With the help of the camp, we understood that Nature is the most precious gift of God to Man. So it is the duty of each and every citizen to protect. If we are destroying it, that refers we are neglecting the God himself.

Jayalekshmi
Std. IX

TGM VIDYANIKETAN

## GREAT AUTHORS

## Alexander Baron

He has written many novels, including 'There's no Home', 'The Human kind', 'Queen of the East', 'Seeing Life' and 'The How Life', film scripts and
 television plays. He started life as an Asst. Editor of The Tribune and later eidited 'New Theater'. He served during the Second World War.

## Alfred Lord Tennyson

Lord Tennyson was born in Lincolnshire. Poet Laureate for over 40 years, Tennyson is representative of the Victorian age. His skilled craftmanship and
 noble ideals retained a large audience for poetry in an age when the novel was engrossing more and more readers. Tennyson's real contribution lies in his shorter poems like The Lady of shallot.

## O. Henry

O. Henry is the pseudonym of William Sydney Porter, American writer of short stories, best known for his ironic plot twists and surprise endings. Born
 and raised in Greensboro, North Larotina. O. Henry was fascinated by New York street life, which provided a setting for many of his later stories. He became one of the most popular writer in America, publishing over 500 short stories. He published ten collections of stories during a carees.

## Pam Ayres

Pam Ayres is a contemporary writer, a great entertainer who writes and performs comic verse. She started writing poems and verses as a
 hobby, and has appeared in every major TV show in the UK. She has published six books of poems, and cut seven record albums including a collection of so best known poems.

## P. G. Wodehouse

Sir Pelham Grenville Wodehouse was a
comic writer who enjoyed enormous popular success during a career of an acknowledged master of English prose. Best known today for the Jeeves and The Princess, Ulysses, The palace of Art etc. His fame rests on his
 perfect control of sound, the synthesis of sound and meaning, the union of pictorial and musical.

## Kahlil Gibran

He was a Lebanese American artist, poet and writer. His poetry is notable for its use of formal language as well as insights on topics of life using spiritual terms. One of his most notable lines of poetry in the English - Speaking world is fron Sand and Foam which reads 'Half of what I say is meaningless, but I say it so that the other half may reach you'.

## Norman Mckinnell

He was an actor and a dramatist. As a play wright he is known for the play, ‘The Bishop's Candlesticks' which is an adaption of a section of victor Hugo's "Les
 Miserables". The play, which is very popular, is based on the theme that love and kindness can change a man rather than violence.

Blandings castle novels and short stories. He was also a playwright and lyricist who was part author and writer of 15 plays and of 250 lyrics for some 30 musical comedies.

## Robert Frost

Frost was born in San Franscisco, He spent most of his adult life in rural New England and his laconic language and emphasis on individualism in his
 poetry reflect this region. American editors rejected his submitted poems. Frost moved his family to England in 1912.

## Basil Sajeev

Std. - X

## HISTORY OF MATHEMATICS

The word 'mathematics' come from the Greek 'mathema', which means learning, study, science. Do you know a word know as Dyscalculia means? 'Dyscalculia' means difficulty in learning arithmetic such as difficulty in understanding numbers, and learning maths facts! In America, mathematics is known as 'math', they say that 'mathematics' functions as a singular noun so as per them 'math' should be a singular too. Do you know 'Mathematics' is an anagram of 'me asthmatic'. An 'Anugram' is a word or phrase made by transposing or rearranging letter of other words or phrase. Notches means cuts or indentation on animal bones prove that humans have been doing mathematics since around $30,000 \mathrm{BC}$.

The word 'hundreth' in 'Old Norse' from which world 'hundred' derives, meant not 100 but 120. What comes after a million, billion and trillion? A quadrillion, quintillion, sextillion, septillion, octillion, nonillion, decillion and undecillion. The number 5 is pronounced as 'Ha' in Thai language. 555 is also used by some as slang for 'НаНаНа'. Different names for the number O include zero, nought, naught, nil, zilch and zip. Zero (o) is the only number which can not be represented by Roman numerals. The name zero derives from the Arabic word 'sifr' which also gave us the English word 'cipher' meaning 'a secret way of writing'. Do you know the magic of no. nine (9)? Multiply any number with nine (9) and then sum all individual digits of the results (product) to make it single digit, the sum of all these individual digits would always be nine (9). Here is an interesting trick to check divisibility of any number by number 3. A number is divisible by three if the sum of its digits is divisible by 3 . The equal sign was invented by 16th century Welsh mathematician Robert Recorde, who was fed up with writing "is equal to" in his equations. 'Googol' is the term used for a number I followed by 100 zeros and that it was used by a nine-year old, Milton Sirotta, in 1940. The name of the popular search engine 'Google' came from a misspelling of the world 'googol'.

Abacus is considered the origin of the calculator. Have you ever noticed that the opposite sides a die always add up to seven (7). $12,345,678,987,654,321$ is the product of 111 , $111,111 \times 111,111,111$. Notice the sequence of the numbers 1 to 9 and back to 1 . Plus (+) and

Minus (-) sign symbols were used as early as 1489 A.D. An icosogan is a shape with 20 sides. Trigonometry is the study of the relationship between the angles of triangles and their sides. If you add up the numbers 1-100 consecutively $(1+2+3+4+5 \ldots \ldots$.$) the total is 5050.2$ and 5 are the only primes that end in 2 or 5 . From 0 to 1,000, the letter " A " only appears in 1,000 . A ' jiffy ' is an actual unit of time for $1 / 100$ th of a second 'Four' is the only number in the English language that is spelt with the same number of letters as the number itself. 40 when written "forty" is the only number with letters in alphabetical order, while "one" is the only one with letters in reverse order. In a group of 23 people, at least two have the same birthday with the probability greater than $1 / 2$. If there are 50 students in a class then it's virtually certain that two will share the same birthday. Among all shapes with the same perimeter a circle has the largest area. Among all shapes with the same area circle has the shortest perimeter. In 1995 in Taipei, citizens were allowed to remove ' 4 ' from street numbers because it sounded like 'death' in chinese. Many chinese hospitals do not have a 4th floor. The word 'FRACTION' derives from the Latin "fractio-to break". In working out mathematical equations, the Greek mathematician, Pythagores used little rocks to represent numbers. Hence the name of calculus was born, which means pebbles in Greek. In many cultures no. 13 is considered unlucky, well, there are many myths around it. One is that in some ancient European religions, there were 12 good gods and one evil god; the evil god was called the 13th god. Other is superstition goes back to the last supper. There were 13 people at the meal, including Jesus Christ and Judas was thought to the 13th guest.

Have you heard about Fibonacci? It is the sequence of numbers where in a number is the result of adding the two numbers before it! Here is an example: $1,1,2,3,5,8,13,21,34$ and so on. Want to remember the value of $\mathrm{Pi}(3.1415926)$ in easy way? You can do it by counting each word's letters in 'May I have a large container of coffee'? Have you heard about a 'Palindrome Number'? It is a number that reads the same backwards and forward. For example 12421.

Athul Baby
Std. - IX


KG-2014 - Inauguration


KG - Convocation 2015


Independence Day


World Environment day


KG Batch 2015-2016, inaugural ceremony


Children's Day


Teachers's day 2014


Medical Camp


X'mas celebration


Community outreach programme


Karate class


Motivational class for parents


X'mas celebration


Euphoria 2015


Medical camp


Nature study camp as part of Nature club


Nature study- kumarakom


Run Kerala Run


Extra curricular time


Science seminar


Nature study programme


Run Kerala Run


Sahodaya sports


Telescope inauguration for sky watch programmee


TGM YuvasangamSports meet


KG Vibgyor Day


Yoga class


Yuvasangam Arts Fest


Tour program-Hill Palace


Workshop for teachers


Yuvasangam Arts Fest


Yuvasangam Arts Fest


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## 1GIgabOlOo












Std. VI

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 Std. III - A





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Std. UKG - B

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## Std．VII

## rinim


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Std．I－B


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Std．III

## TO ALL MY KG TEACHERS AND AUNTY





 Std．UKG－A

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 கழிவンかைை！？

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Std．II－A

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Std. LKG

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Std．V

## ロゅI円ी 10MNla000










## 

Std．IV


TGM VIDYANIKETAN
43

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1．ఆைைிிமை
2．กஸணัஜ๔กชิ
3．கコロカกบรกช่

5．இஷํํவளை
6．कฎกิก प్మ！
7．円๐．ธา．
8．கைก
9．ஜา．
10．๑ைกுమைรั
11．கைாกைைร
12．றรกํலชา
13．อ๐ゝை
14．கேวฺிறால์
15．ஹรハூ囚ை


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พய ธロッாைை Std．IV

## Arsnovicil Armoan










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Std．II

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## 

Std．X

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Std．IX

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Std．III

## ITMTM：









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## வคルセைงรู



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6．ாேேகைைாிிை வரேก๐（3）
8．வஷூำ（2）

## ตงตฺวรั

1．จழ வயை๐ீ ஹணั வேஸை（2）

3．கกั้รவన్నதுறவேே๐รั セைைறஸை（3）

4．வృவவிஸ゙ றரைஸక゙（2）
5．றலૅ கSఅிల！ృளకั（2）
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## Language Club



##  ramilatigath

















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## 

Std．VIII

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## हिन्दी विभाग



# हम बालक हैं वोर देश के 

## बोर्टर फोर्स

बी एस एफ अधवा बोर्टर सेक्यूरिटी फोर्स हमारा भारत देश का बोर्टर सेना विभाग को कहा जाता है। भारत का पूरे आठ केन्द्रीय सेना विभाग में से एक। ये स्न 1905 का युध्द के समय में दिसंबर 1 पर आविषकार हुआ। इसी केन्द्रीय सेना भारत का रक्षा करते है और अपने देश का विरुध्द होने वाला सभी गलत यानि विपत में हमें बचाता है। यह सब का नियंत्रप भारत का केद्र सरकार ऐजनसी है जो आभ्यन्द्र मन्द्रालय का शाखा है जब से भारत 1947 में आज़ाद हुआ तब से लेकर सन् 1965 तक हमारा सुरक्षा की कर्तव्य इन लोगो पर है।

हमारा देश की ये बी. एस. एफ सब विश्व के प्रधम बन गया है। बी. एस. एफ. का केद्र आफीस नई दिल्ली में है और इसका अधिकार डयर्टर जन्रल पर है। ये एक ही फार्स है जिनको खुद के शाखों, मरयन शाखों और अपने है मोटो है ।
"जीवन पर्यत कर्तव्य"

## बरसा पानी

रिम झिम रिम झिम वरसा पानी, झम झम झम झम बरसा पानी। बिजली चमकी बादल गरजा, भागी डर कर शोला, गिरजा। फिसला पैर गिरी जब शीला, हैसी जोर से मोरा, लोला। दौड़ी तब शीला की नामो, रिमं झिम रिम झिम बरसा पानी।

नव्या दिलीप

## हिन्दी भाज अारह लिखि

संस्रुत के "भाप" धातु से बना है। भापा विचारों भावों से आदान - प्रदान का एक माध्यम है। संसार में असंख्य भाषाएँ हैं। इनमें बहुत सी भाषाएँ पारिवारिक रूप से आपस में संबन्ध हैं। सब मनुप्यों के पूर्वज एक ही थे। वे एक ही भाषा बोलते थे। एक ही मूल भाषा संसार की सारी भापाएँ निकली हैं। आर्य भाषाओ में बहुत प्राचीन और प्रसिद्ध है संस्कृत। हिन्दी का प्राचीनतम रूप भी संस्कृत है।

## कोवलम बीच

एलप्पी से कोल्तम तक के बैकवार्स्स का स्वण्निल सौन्दर्य बेहन सबसरत कोवलम बीच कायावलय कर देने वाली आयुवोदक चिकिसा पद्धति और समृब्ध कला संस्कृति के कारण भी केरल विश्व पर्यच्न माननित्र पर अपनी अलग पहचान बना रहा है। केरल के पर्वतीय भू - भाग में चाय कॉफी, रबर ईलायची, संरता और काली मिर्च आदि के विशाल बाग बगीचे हैं जबीक निचल हिससे में चावल तिल नारियल कटहल आम सुपारी इमली, केला और काणू साहित विभिन्न प्रकार के मसालों वे गिरीदार फलों के पेड़ - पौधे, सर्वत्र अंतहीन हरियाली के हस्ताक्षार हैं। किवंदतियों, पौरापि आरकान और पुरातीत्वक जानकारियो केरल के प्रारम्भिक अतति की दिलचस्प कड़ी है सर्वमान्य जनश्रुति है कि केरल के लिपिवूद इतिहास पर नजर डाले तो उसकी जडों भी प्राचीन उद्धरणें से होती हुई ईसा पूर्व तीसरी सदी तक जाती हैं। सम्राट अशोक के स्तम्थ इस इतिहास के प्रमुख, प्रमाण हैं। ईसा पूर्व 1200 में केरल के साथ समुदी व्यापार के अगुवा फिनीनिया के लोग थे। वे वन्दर मोर हाधीदात और चन्दन की लठकेड़ी के व्यापार के सिलसिले में व्यावाहार पहूँते थे। केरल के मासालों की खयाति ईस्वी उठ में रोमनों की पछि ग्रकि लोग भी यहा गया।

## हिंदी और संस्कृत का संबध

वे एक ही वर्णमाला का उपयोग क्योंकि एक ही देखो । मैं लिखने में अगर पोलिश या लौटिन, तुम कुछ भी समझ जाएगा? हिंदी और संस्कृत, जैसे संस्कृत शब्द से संर्बाधत है ‘हाथ’ के लिए हिंदी शब्द, और कई अन्य शब्दों के लिए एक ही दूर से संर्बाधत हैं, लेकिन आम तौर पर आप समानता नहीं देखा सकेगे। लेकिन अरबी और फारसी से नहीं कर रहे है, और व्याकरण संस्क्रृत से पूरी तरह से अलग है। हिंदी के शब्दों की एक संख्या बस संस्कृत से अधिक लोने के हाल ही में कर रहे हैं, और फिर वे समान कर रहे हैं, लेकिन आप संस्कृत जानते हैं कि कुल मिलाकर, अगर कोई है, तो आप हिंदी बोलते बहुत कम समझ में नहीं होंगा।

## Funny girl 5 साल पहले दिए।

व्यापक रूप से लोगों के अखों द्वारा आजकल बोली जाती है जी हिन्दी वास्तव में संस्कृत से ली गई है। आप व्यावहारिक उद्देरयों के लिए एक भाषा सीखने की जरूरत है बेहतर होगा अगर हिंदी सीखने के लिए। लेकिन विशुद्ध रूप से शैक्षिक खोज के लिए है, तो यह है सस्कृत। कमेंट

## वर्ष 5 साल पहले दिए

हिंदी संस्कृत से उत्पन्न है। हिंदी और अन्य भापा में बुनियादी फर्क से एक दो लिंग यानी कल-कल के साथ बहना और striling (पुरुष, महिलों) है, लेकिन संस्क्रृत striling और napusakling, तीन, कल-कल के साथ बहना है। कमेंट

## मॉस 5 महीने पहले दिए

इन दिन आप इटरनेट पर हिंदी में बात करने के लिए सीख सकते हैं। इस आँनलाड़न पाठयक्रम बाहर की जाँच करें, यह सब समय का सबसे अच्छा हिन्दी आनलाइन पाठ्यक्रमन के रूप में मतदान किया है। पाठ्यक्रमन का पालन करना बहुत आसान है, मैं सिर्फ 3 महीने में हिंदी सीखने के लिए सक्षम था।
मुझे लगता है मैं एक हिंदो भाषा शिक्षक के लिए जाना चाहता था लेकिन वह मेरे प्रति माह से अधिक $\$ 800$ लागत होगा, न्यूयॉर्क शहर मे रहते हैं। यह इंटरनेट के साथ अच्छी बात $\$ 800$ यह मेरे लिए बहुत सारा पैसा है। कमेंट

## The post 20015 महीने पहले दिए

जहाँ तक मुझे पता है, सस्कृत क्रिया के लिए 10 ganas है; हिन्दी नही करता है। संस्कृत में तीन लिंग नही है; हिन्दी दो है। मैं हिन्दी और सस्क्रित Sentences, वह यह है कि विषय वस्तु, और क्रिय के लिए फार्म का एक ही शब्द आदेश का उपयोग करें कि लगता है। उदाहरण के लिए, Aham यालाम pibami में पानी पीने का मतलब है । मैं हिंदो में कहने के लिए कि कैसे यकीन नहीं है। मैं Mein है और पानी जल है। मैं Mein जल PIBA huun, लग रहा है। संस्कृत में यह शब्द है लिखने के लिए Devanaagiri स्क्रिट्ट का उपयोग कर सकते है, लेकिन यदि आप संस्कृत लिखने के लिए किसी भी भारतीय भाषा लिपियों का उपयोग करता है। संस्कृत में पहला व्यक्ति तीसरे व्यक्ति है और तीसरे व्यक्ति सबसे पहले हैं। उदाहरण के लिए, अहम् Naro SMI तीसरे व्यक्ति का अर्थ है जो उत्तम पुरुष है SMI साधन मैं एक आदमी हूँ लेकिन । यही कारण है कि हिन्दी के लिए मामला नहीं है। इसके आलावा संस्कृत में दोहरी व्यक्ति नही है। इस एक वाक्य दो संज्ञाओं को संदर्भित करता है, यह बहुवचन है लेकिन दोहरी नहीं है, इसका मतलब है। उदाहरण के लिए Alweka माथा ghase। यह दो आलू मेंरे द्वारा खाया आता है, इसका मतलब है। बहुवचन alwekani माया ghase होगा, आलू मेरे द्वारा खाया जाता है। हिंदी में। बस एकवचन और बहुवचन है । और इन नमूना वाक्य हिंदी में अलग होगा । मुझे लगता है कि अच्छी ।

## हिन्दी भाषा का उत्भव

हिन्दी भाषा का जन्म आर्यो की प्राचीन भाषा से
हुआ है। भारतीय आर्यो की तत्कालीन भाषा धीरे - धीरे हिन्दी भाषा के रुप में परि वर्तिन हो गई। यह कैसे हुआ? इस प्रश्न का विचार यहाँ करते हैं।

भाषा विज्ञान के आधार पर यूरोपिय विद् वानों का अनुमान है कि आर्य मध्य एशिया अथवा दक्षिण पूर्व यूरोप में कहीं रहते थे। भारत मे आये हुए आर्य एक ही समय में नहीं आए होगो। लेकिन संभावना ऐसी है कि ये कई बार में आए होगे। ऋगवेद तथा बाद के संस्कृत साहित्य और वर्तमान भारतीय आर्यभाषाओं से पता चलता है कि आर्य लोग भारत मे दो बार अवश्य आये थे।

## गंगा नदी

भारत की सबसे महत्त्वपूर्ण नदी गंगा, जो भारत और बांगलादेश में मिलाकर किमी की दूरी तय करती हुई उत्तराचल में हिमालय से लेकर बंगाल की खाड़ी के सुंदरवन तक विशाल भू भाग को सींचती है, देश की प्राकृतिक संपादा ही नहीं, जन जन की भावनात्मक आस्था का आधार भी है।

कि. मी तक भारत तथा उसके बाद बांग्लादेश में अपनी लंबी यात्रा करते हुए यह सहायक नदियों के साथ दस लाख वर्ग किलोमीटर क्षेत्रफल के अति विशाल उपजाउ मैदान की रचना करती है। सामाजिक, साहित्यिक, सांस्कृतिक और आर्थिक से अत्यंत महत्त्वपूर्ण गंगा का यह मैदान अपनी घनी जनसंख्या के कारण भी जाना जाता है।

फीट (मी) की अधिकतम गहराई वाली यह नदी भारत में पवित्र मानी जाती है तथी इसकी उपासना माँ और देवी के रूप में की जाती है। भारतीय पुराण और साहित्य में अपने सौंदर्य और महत्व के कारण बार - बार आदर के साथ वंदित गंगा नदी के प्रति विदेशी साहित्य में भी प्रशंसा और भावुकतापूर्ण वर्णन किए गए हैं। इस नदी में मछलियों तथा सर्पों की अनेक प्रजातियाँ तो पाई ही जाती हैं मीठे पानी वाले दुर्लभ डालफिन भी पाए जाते हैं। यह कृषि, पयेटन, साहसिक खेलों तथा उद्योगों के विकास में महत्त्वपूर्ण योगदान देती है तथा अपने तट पर बसे शहरों की जलापूर्ति भी करती है। इसके तट पर विकसित धार्मिक स्थल और तीर्थ भारतीय सामाजिक व्यवस्था के विशेष अंग हैं। इसके ऊपर बने पुल, बाँध और नदी परियोजनाएँ भारत की बिजली, पानी और कृषि से संबंधित ज़रूरतों को पूरा करती हैं। वैज्ञानिक मानते हैं कि इस नदी के जल में बैक्टीरियोफेज नामक विषाणु होते हैं, जो जीवाणुओं व अन्य हानिकारक सुक्ष्मजीवों को जीवित नहीं रहने देते हैं। गंगा की इस असीमित शुद्धीकरण क्षमता और सामाजिक श्रध्दा के बावजूद इसका प्रदूषण रोका नहीं जा सका है। फिर भी इसके प्रयत्न जारी हैं और सफ़ाई की अनेक परियोजनाओं के क्रम में नवंबर, में भारत सरकार द्वारा इसे भारत की राष्ट्रीय नदी तथा इलाहाबाद और हल्दिया के बीच ( 2 किलोमीटर) गंगा नदी जलमार्ग - को राष्ट्रीय जलमार्ग घोषित किया है।

## हिन्दी साहित्य का इतिहास

चार कालों मे विभक्त कर सकते है।
"वीरगाथा काल
भक्ति काल
रीति काल
गाद्य काल

## वीरगाथा काल

वीरगा-था काल में भारत की राजनैतिक दशा बहुत बुरी बनी हुई थी। देश छोटे-छोटे टुकडों मे खंडित हो गया था। एक-एक राजा शासन करता था। जो अपने आपको अन्य राजाओं से अलग समझता है और अपने आपको स्वतत्र मानते थे। उस समय की राजा छोटी-छोटी बातों पर आपस में लड़ा भिडा करते थे। लडाई किसी आवश्यकतावश नही होती थी। बीच-बीच में मुसलमानों के हमले भी होते है। वह लडाई का समय था, वीरता का गौरव का समय था। इस प्रकार हिन्दी का प्रारंभिक युग युद् का युग था।

यथा राजा तथा कवि अपने आश्यद्यदाता राज ओं के रुप देखकर भी कवि लोग अपनी - अपनी कविताओं का सृजन करते है। युन्दों का संबन्ध वीरता से होता है। इसलिए स्वभावत इस काल का साहित्य का वीर रस प्रधान का होता था।

## भक्तिकाल

भक्तिकाल संवत 1375 से 1700 तक माना जाता है। इस समय भारत में मुसलमानो का राज्य स्थापित हो चुका था। उसका साम्पाज्य भारत मे बहुत

दूर तक फैला हुआ था। भक्तिकाल में हिन्दुओं का सारा गौरव नष्ट हुआ था। पग - पग पर उनका अपमान होने लगा। इसप्रकार के राजनीतिक परिवर्तन के कारण हिन्दु जन - समुदाय पर बहुत दिनों तक उदासी की भावना छा गयी थी।

संकटकाल में भगवान की याद आती है। हिन्दु जनता अपने धर्म और जान की रक्षा के लिए भगवान का शरण लेने लगी। इस प्रकार हिन्दु समाज में भक्ति का स्त्रेत बह निकला।

## रीतिकाल

रीतिकाल में श्रृगांर रस की प्रधानता है। रीतिकाल का विशेष संबन्ध तत्कालीन राजा - महाराजाओं से था। उस काल के कवि पघ - बन्दु शैली में लिखते थे। इसमें ब्रजभाषा की प्रधानता है।

## गघकाल

आधुनिक युग काष का युग है। उसका अग्रेंजी राज्य से घनिष्ट सम्बन्ध है। अंग्रेज़ो ने 200 वर्ष तक हमारे देश में राज्य किया। भारतवासी बहुत दिनों से अपनी स्वाधीनता खो बैठे थे। जिस समय अंग्रेजो का आधिपत्य स्थापित हुआ। उस समय हिन्दु धर्म शिथिल हो चुका था। भारतीय नवोत्थान का प्रारंभ बंगाल में ब्रहम समाज की स्थापना से ही हो गया था, लेकिन हिन्दी साहित्य से उसका कोई प्रत्यक्ष संबन्ध नही था। आगे चलकर आंग्रेज़ी शिक्षा ने समाज मे प्रवेश किया।

## सुंदरतम समुद्र तट

हिस्कवरी चैनल दूवारा इसकी में समद तरा में कि गई हैं। यह भरी पूरी सुरक्षित ठहरने का स्नान योग और आयुर्वेदिक सविधाओं के साथ पानी के खे केवलाम में तट के किनारे ठूटने की विविध सुविघएँ हैं। केरल बीचे बैकवाटर्स में तैरते असंखय हाउस बाटे, मानसूनी पर्यटन का मैं यह स्थान उनके लिए आकर्षक हनमिन स्थाल के में कुछ समय पहले का नारियल और बांस से घने जंगलों के माँ बीच पानी में कटुवेलन नाव से सवारी करना अपने आप में लेकिन जो लोग इसका लुप्क उठा चूकेहैं। उगर उब वे केरल चौंक जायेग। कि पर्यटन एजेंस्यिों ने इन पासंरिक नावों को करके समूचे क्षेत को अविस्मर पायि बना दिया है। यहो ने सिर्फ जल कीडा व शात जंगलों सकते हैं बलिके इस अनुभव को यादगार स्वरूप भी प्रदान कर उसे उत्तर में लगभग 50 किलोमिटर दूर वरकाला में अति सुदंर और जनादूर स्वामी का प्रसिद्ध मादिर हैं, यह, पचिन मादिर शव्था

महात्मा गांधी अंतरराष्ट्रीय हिंदी विश्वविद्यालय

राषट्रीय नेताओं एवं हिंदी प्रेमियों की यह एक उत्कट आंकाक्षा रही है कि हिंदी भारतीयों की भावनाओं एंव विचारों की अभिटयक्ति के माध्यम के रूप मेसंयक्त राष्ट्र संघ के अंतरराष्ट्रीय मंच पर अपना समचित स्थान ग्रहण करे। दूसरों और उनकी यह सोच भी थो कि न केवल विदेशों में अपि समुचे विश्च फैले हुए भारतीयमूल के व्यक्तियों के बौच भाषायों आदान प्रदन के समन्व हेत हिंदी का एक अंतरराप्ट्रीय सचिवाल्य स्थापित किया जाए। इसके अतिक्ति उनकी यह भी परिकल्पना थो कि अंतरराष्ट्रीय भाषा के रूप में हिंदी की सम्पूर्ण संभावनाआकें विकास और संवर्धन के लिए एक केंद्रीय हिंदी विश्वविद्यालय की स्थापना की जाए।







## TGM provide

Eco Friendly campus - Holistic Curriculum - Out door classes - Transportation facility . Audio visual room - Library Smart interactive digital class room • Laboratory - Maths, Physics, Chemistry \& Biology Computer lab with 24 hrs internet connectivity Remedial coaching Class assemblies - Talent Hunt programmes •ield trip and Excursions . Community Out reach programmes - Charity programmes School magazines and News letters - Inter house competitions Behavioural Counseling - NatureClub-Social Club-Language Club


Classes by external faculties on: Communicative English-English Grammar- Personality development-Health \& Hygiene-Career awareness -Creative communication \& Public Speaking
Extra Curricular activities : Dance-Karate-Keyboard-Tabla-SUPW-Band -Aerobic dance-Yoga-Meditation \& Martial arts-Art \& Craft-Vegetable Carving- Origami-Sports-Games \& Physical Education-Debates \& Dramatics-Public Speaking-Creative writing
Sporting facilities : Indoor-Games: Chess, Caroms etc. Outdoor Games: Basket ball, Football, Kho-kho, Shuttle, Cricketetc.
Sky Watching Facility: TGM provides night sky watching facility at own premises through high powered telescopes, along with experts classes on astrophysics.


## Special Attractions

Parent Login facility: TGM has a strong communication channel. It keeps parents updated and well informed about various updates, events and happenings of TGM through various communication modes as enlisted below:

Telephonic Information: To provide information and handle various queries of parents, TGM offers telephonic services.
SMS Facility: TGM offers afacility for the parents to know the special events, holidays, results and fees of their child through SMS.
Website: The website is an online platform that provides a onestop interface for all users to find information about TGM. Special facility provided for parents to login and get details of their wards attendance, fees details, upcoming events, exams, holidays, scholastic and co-scholastic performance, homeworks, assignments etc.


English Hub: Language lab is an exciting new venture in English language learning. We offer an eclectic pedagogical approach. All aspects of English are covered - speaking, pronunciation, listening, writing and reading. TGM is associated with Regal Gate Schools, Liverpool, United Kingdom. Regal Gate Schools (RGS) is fully accredited by Accreditation Service for International Colleges (ASIC).Classes by foreign faculties are provided to ensure complete development of the language skill.
CCTV Camera Surveillance: for added security - Our campus and classes are monitored by Closed-CircuitCameras \& CCTV for security of thechildren. Health Check-up: Medical Check-up of all the students is conducted to ensure they are in good health and proper growth is maintained.
Escort pass: Making sure that your child is secure with us all the time. Through the system of escort pass, we make sure that only those with the pass can come inside the walls of our institution.

Insurance Scheme: Be insured, be secure. Each student will be covered by an accident claim insurance scheme governed by the institution itself.
News paper reading: Cultivating reading habit in children by utilizing theleisure time by reading news paper.

